Mrs. Radke Journalism

## What to Avoid in Leads

- 1. **Avoid putting too much information in the lead.** Not everything needs to be in the first paragraph. If the lead is longer than 45 words, split it into two paragraphs.
- 2. **Don't begin with a general statement.** Use specific, detailed words. The audience must have their attention captured within eight words.
- 3. **Be wary of using numbers.** This slows the reader's pace and can bog them down. Also, most statistics need explanation.
- 4. **Don't bury the news at the end of the lead.** News comes first, then any attribution. "What" is usually more important that "who," "when," or "where."
- 5. **Don't leave the news out of the lead.** The end result of the story is often the true news. Don't try to write in the order the news took place.
- 6. **Avoid using questions for the lead.** There is no news in asking a question. Use the answer to start your lead.
- 7. **Don't write negative leads.** Don't tell the reader what didn't or won't happen, but rather what did happen.
- 8. Don't use quotation leads. The main news is what happened, not what was said.
- 9. Beware of using leads beginning with a prepositional phrase. This lead slows the reader down trying to get to the lead.
- 10. **Don't begin the lead with the name of your school.** You write for a school newspaper. It is obvious, unless stated otherwise, the story is about your school.